Minuwangoda Educational Zone

Second Term Evaluation - 2023

Grade 7

Science Time: 2 hours

Part I

Answer all the questions.

(ii) The energy in a winding clock.

(9) Measured in joules.

(i) energy

	•	Underline the correct	or m	ost suitable answer.				
(1) Coconut plant gives us various benefits. The true statement about the plant is that.								
	(i)	Coconut is a dicotyledono	us pl	ant	(iii)	With a tap root system.		
	(ii)	The stem is branched.			(iv)	The leaves show parallel v	venation	
(2) The shape of the body of the pigeon is streamlined. Benift that a pigeons get due to that shape is,							e is,	
	(i)	It can easily find its prey.			(iii)	Being able to move easily	through the air	
	(ii)	Loss of body weight			(iv)	Being able to go up in the	sky.	
(3) Se	lect the category with inver	rtebr	ates.				
	(i)	Cockroach, bee, ant			(iii)	Fish, dog, housefly		
	(ii)	Frog, snake, earthworm			(iv)	Snail, worm, Gecko		
(4) A	plant with a fibrous root sy	stem					
	(i)	Cashew	(ii)	Mango	(iii)	Jack fruit	(iv) Coconut	
(5	5) The amount of electric charges that can be stored in a capacitor is measured in,							
	(i)	Hertz	(ii)	Millimeters	(iii)	Farads	(iv) Volts	
(6) W	hat is the principle behind t	the g	eneration of electricity in a	dyna	mo.		
	(i)	Through a chemical reacti	on		(iii)	iii) By solar energy		
	(ii)	By a simple current			(iv)	By electromagnetic induct	tion	
(7) W	ater has the property of red	ucin	g the heal of an external obj	ect b	y absorbing heat. This prop	perty is known as	
	(i)	Solubility			(iii)	Exponsion property		
	(ii)	Coolant property			(iv)	Freezing property.		
(8)) Th	e case involving kinetic en	ergy	is,				
	(i)	The energy of a fruit on a	tree.		(iii)	Energy in a stretched bow		

(ii) Voltage

(iv) Energy of flowing water.

(iii) Temperature

(iv) Pressure

(10) T	he answer which correctly	shows the tranformation of er	nergy during heating of water b	y an electric kettle is,		
(i)	Thermal energy → Elec	tric energy	(iii) Light energy→ Elect	ric energy		
(ii)	Electric energy → Them	nal energy	(iv) Electric energy → Ki	inetic energy		
(11) W	Thich statement is correct re	egarding electron microscope	?			
(i)	A light beam used in the	electron microscope.				
(ii)	Live specimens cannot be	e used for this purpose.				
(iii)	Maximum magnification	power is only 200 000.				
(iv)	The maximum resolution	is 0.05 Mm (micro meter)				
(12) A	characteristics of images f	formed by the convex mirror i	s that the image,			
(i)	Inverted		(iii) Being smaller than th	e object.		
(ii)	Can be obtained on to a s	creen.	(iv) Being larger than the	object.		
(13) T	he mirror used to obtain an	inverted image that can be ol	otained on to a screen is,			
(i)	Convex mirror		(iii) Concave mirror			
(ii)	Plane mirror		(iv) Convex lens			
(14) If	a microscope is not used for	or a long period of time the le	enses should be removed and p	lace inside a		
(i)	Desiccator		(iii) In a metal box			
(ii)	In a glass cupboard		(iv) In a wooden box			
(15) C	onsider the following state	ments.				
A	- Sound needs medium to	travel				
В	- Sound travels through a	vaccum				
C	C — The speed of sound in air is faster than the speed of light.					
W	Which of the above statement/statements are correct?					
(i)	Only A	(ii) Only B	(iii) Only C	(iv) Both A and B		
(16)	Given below are the level of	f organization in living organi	isms. It is best to apply for A a	nd B are.		
C	$\mathbf{ell} \to \mathbf{A} \to \mathbf{Organs} \to \mathbf{B} \to$	Organism				
(i)	Tissues, Organs		(iii) Systems, organs			
(ii)	Cells, organs		(iv) Tissues, Systems.			
(17) W	That tissue transports water	through plant stem?				
(i)	Xylem tissue		(iii) Pholoem tissue			
(ii)	570 70		(iv) epidermal tissue			
(18) T	he chamber common to the	alimentary canal (digestive t	raet) and respiratory tract is.			
(i)	stomach	(ii) oesophagus	(iii) pharynx	(iv) large intestine		

- (19) What action does not take place in the small intestine?
 - (i) Digestion is completed

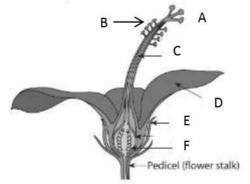
(iii) Absorption of digestive products

(ii) Secretion of digestive juices.

- (iv) Absorption of water
- (20) The layer of atmosphere that International space station is situated?
 - (i) Troposphere
- (ii) Stratosphere
- (iii) Mesosphere
- (iv) Thermosphere

Part II

- Answer first question and four other questions.
- (1) Flowers show great diversity among them, but they have common structural plan. A typical flower consists of main three parts. All the parts can be easily observed in a shoe flower.



(A)

- (i) Name the parts A, B, C, D, E, F (M.3)
- (ii) What is the part that contributes to the production of seeds? (M.1)
- (iii) Butterfly often flies among the flowers. Is the butterfly vertebrate or an invertebrate? (M.1)
- (iv) The colour of the flowers and the colour of the butterfly match well. What is called the difficulty to identify the animals separately from their environment? (M.1)
- (v) State and advantage to the butterfly due to above reason? (M.1)

(B)

- (i) A butterfly performs some work while flying from flower to flower. What is the ability to do that work
 called. (M.1)
- (ii) What is the international unit of measure of ability to do work? (M.1)
- (iii) Write the forms of energy possessed by a mango on the top branch of a tree and the form of energy passessed by it falls down? (M.2)

(C)

- (i) What type of lens can be used to clearly observe the parts of shoe flower? (M.1)
- (ii) What is the minimum number of lenses used in a compound light microscope? (M.1)
- (iii) What is the name of the lens closed to the eye of a light microscope? (M.1)
- (iv) Draw a line diagram of the epidermal tissue of a Roheo leaf observed under a light microscope? (M.2)

(16 marks)

(2) If the following statements are true mark them as true () If they are false mark them as ()

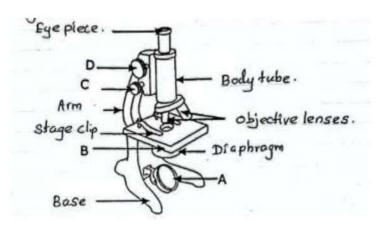
(i)	Decorative glass is a translucent object.			
(ii)	Shadows are caused by light passing through transparent materials.	()	
(iii)	To get a clear umvra, the light source must be place very close to the object.	()	
(iv)	During a solar eclipse, the earth comes between the sun and the moon.	()	
(v)	Light is reflected by the plane mirrors.	()	
(vi)	A rough surface can also be called a plane mirror.	()	
(vii)	A plane mirror form a real image.	()	
(viii)	Canvex mirrors are used as side mirrors in vehicles.	()	
(ix)	The nature of the image formed by concave mirror does not change with the distance from the object to the			
	mirror.	()	
(x)	When the angle between two mirrors is 45°, three images are formed.	()	

(3) Compared to the other planets in the solar system, the surface of the earth is very beautiful because there are mountains, rivers, seas, trees, forests etc. The environment conditions suitable for living being exists on the earth. Many scientists obtain information about what the earth interior is like in various ways.

(i)	Write two way that geoloists obtain information about the interior of the earth.	(M.2)
(ii)	Name the 3 main parts which the interior of the earth can be divided.	(M.1.5)
(iii)	Indicate the thickness of each parts in Km.	(M.1.5)
(iv)	What are the ways in which the Earth's techtonic plates can move relative to each other.	(M.3)
(v)	On which techtonic plate Sri Lanka is situated?	(M.1)
(vi)	Which country has a plate margin on land? Name that plate boundry/plate margin.	(M.1)
(vii)	What is the reason for the movements of techtonic plates?	(M.1)

(11 marks)

(4) A diagram of a light microscope is shown below.



(i) Name the parts A, B, C, D
 (ii) What are the functions performed by parts a and b?
 (iii) Who is credited with inventing the microscope first?
 (M.1)

- (iv) What is the magnification of the microscope if it is mentioned as x5 for the eye piese and x40 for the objective?

 (M.2)

 (v) How do you call the minimum distance by which two points must be separated in order to be seen as two distinct points?

 (M.1)

 (vi) What is value of the above distance in human eye (naked eye)

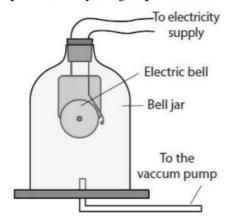
 (M.1)

 (vii) How many time the maximum magnification of an improved compound light microscope?

 (M.1)

 (viii) Write two factors to be considered in the use of compound microscope?

 (M.2)
- (5) Following setup was used by the group of students to study about sound.



- (A) Fill in the blanks according to the activity given in the diagram.
 - (i) Ringing of the electric bell can be when the bell jar is filled with
 - (ii) When the air in the bell jar is gratually (iii) The ringing of the bell gradually
- (iv) When the air in the bell jar is evacuated ringing fades of.
- (v) Thus it is clear that a is essential for sound to

 (1×8)

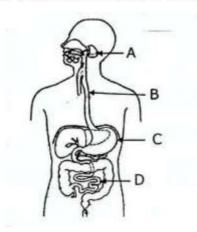
(11 marks)

(B)

- (i) Through which medium is sound transmitted faster? (M.1)
- (ii) Write the part of vibration when producing sound by flute and drum? (M.1)
- (iii) Arrange the following substances in such a way that the speed of sound increases. (M.1) Water, air, steel

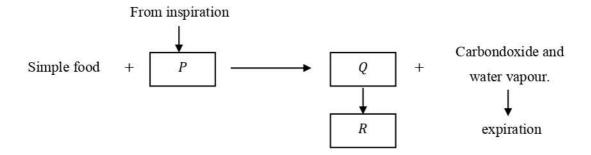
(11 marks)

(6) A group of 7th grade student made a model of the human digestive system and its parts are shown below.



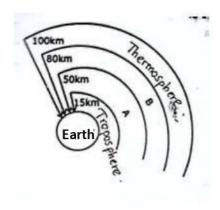
(A)

- (i) Name the parts A, C and D in this diagram. (M.3)
- (ii) Write two main functions of the human digestem system. (M.2)
- (iii) Mention any two changes that occur in food in oral cavity? (M.1)
- (iv) Name the organs of the digestive system that perform the following functions.
 - (a) Withholding food for three hours.
 - (b) Complete the process of digestion.
 - (c) Absorption of digested products into the body.
 - (d) Absorption of water. (M.2)
- (B) Following chart explains the utilization of digested for the respiration of living organisms.



Name P, Q and R respectively. (M.3)

(7) Following diagram illustrades the different layers of the atmosphere when go up in the air.



- (i) Which layer is used by the aeroplanes and the parachutes? (M.1)
- (ii) Name A and B layers. (M.2)
- (iii) In which layer ozone layer is present? (M.1)
- (iv) What is the benefit of having a ozone layer? (M.1)
- (v) Name the layer having lowest temperature. (M.1)
- (vi) The addition of harmful substances to the atmosphere causes air pollution. Write two gaseous pollutants that pollute the atmosphere.(M.2)
- (vii) State the percentages of the gases in the atmosphere. (M.3)
 - (a)Nitrogen (b) Oxygen (c) Carbon dioxide

(11 marks)