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Part 1

- Answer all the questions on this paper itself.
- Each question carries 02 marks.
 - 1. Write the next two terms of the given number pattern.

- 2. x and 42^0 are a pair of complementary angles. Find the value of x.
- 3. Find the value.

(i)
$$(-2) \times (+3)$$

(ii)
$$(-8) \div (-2)$$

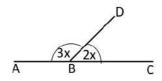
- 4. If a = (-2), find the value of a^3
- 5. The centre of the circle is O. Write the name given to the shaded part of the circle.



6. Remove the brackets and simplify.

$$4(x-2) + 3x$$

7. AB and CD are straight lines. Find the value of x.



8. Find the value

 $\sqrt{484}$

9. Write 200g as a percentage of 1kg.

10. If A= {Words of the letter "රතු වතුර" }, find n(A).

11. Fill in the blanks using suitable numbers.

4.25t =tkg

12. Solve.

2x - 1 = 3

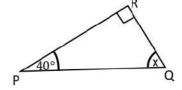
13. Write the given percentage as a ratio.

28%

14. Write the given expression as a product of two factors.

$$a^2b + ab^2$$

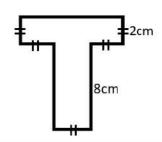
15. PQR is a triangle. Find the value of x.



16. Simplify

$$\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{3}{4}$$

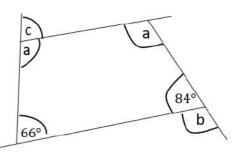
- 17. If $273 \times 31 = 8463$, find the value of 0.273×0.31
- 18. Find the perimeter of the given figure.



- 19. Sri Lanka is situated in $(+5\frac{1}{2})$ time zone. If Greenwich time is 05:30, find the time in Sri Lanka.
- 20. Find the volume of the cuboid if the length is 25cm, breadth 20cm and height 10cm of it.

Part 11

- Answer the first question and another four questions only.
- The first question carries 16 marks and the other questions carry 11 marks each.
- 1) A cube and a regular tetrahedron are two platonic solids.
 - a) Write the names of the other platonic solids.
 - b) Draw a shape of the face of one solid that you have mentioned above(a).
 - c) Euler's relationship is satisfied with the solid which has 30 edges and 12 vertices.
 - i. Write the Euler's relationship.
 - ii. Find the number of faces it has.
 - iii. Write the name of that solid.
 - d) Find the total surface area of a cube of side length 8cm.
- 2) Find the value.
 - a) $\frac{5}{9} \times 1\frac{1}{5}$
 - b) $3\frac{2}{11} \div 2\frac{1}{2}$
 - c) $87.6 \div 0.12$
- a) Find the value of a, b and c, using the information given in the figure.
- b) A tessellation created using only one regular polygonal shape is known as a regular tessellation.
 - i. Name two polygons that can be used to create regular tessellations.
 - ii. Draw a regular tessellation using one polygon that you have written above (i).



- 4) a) Write the order of rotational symmetry of the plane figures given below.
 - i. equilateral triangle
 - ii. square
 - b) find the value

$$(-4) - (-2) + (+3)$$

- c) Solve. 2(x+1)-1=5
- d) The locations of three places P, Q and R in the horizontal plane are given below.
 - Q is situated 600m from P in the direction 60° East of North.
 - R is situated 400m from Q in the direction 400 East of South.

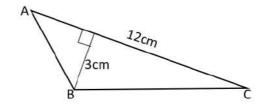
Draw a sketch to show the locations of places P, Q and R with measurements based on the above information.

5) a) The masses of a group of children are given below in kilogrammes.

Find

- i. the mode
- ii. the median of the above data.
- b) Construct a triangle ABC, with side lengths AB = 6cm, BC = 5cm, AC = 8cm
- c) A box contains 5 cards numbered 1, 2,3,4 and 5. A card is drawn randomly from the box by a child. Find the probability of drawing a square number.

- 6) a)Represent the inequality $-2 < x \le 3$ on a number line.
 - b) A(1,1) B(5,2) C(7,1) D(7,-3) E(5,-4) F(1,-3)
 - i. Draw a suitable Cartesian plane and mark the points given above.
 - ii. Join that points in the given order to get a closed figure.
 - iii. Write the equation of the axis of symmetry of the figure drawn above.
- 7) a) Find the area of the triangle ABC.



- b) Find the surface area of a cuboid shaped wood of length, breadth and height equal to 12cm, 8cm, and 5cm respectively.
- c) The table below shows the ratio of flour, sugar and butter used by A and B companies to produce the same sweetmeat.

Company	Flour: Sugar	Sugar : Butter
A	2:1	3:2
В	3:2	5:4

Which company produces the sweetest sweetmeat? Give reasons for your answer.

8 ශ්රණිය - ගණිතය

1 කොටස

$$12. X = 2$$

1

7 : 25 පමණක් වුවත් ලකුණු 2 දෙන්න.

$$x + 42^{\circ} = 90^{\circ}$$

2x=4

$$(-2)^3$$

1

1

1

1

1

1

$$15. x = 50^{\circ}$$

$$x + 40^{\circ} + 90^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$$
 1

6.
$$7x - 8$$

$$4x - 8 + 3x$$

$$16.\frac{5}{8}$$

1

1

7.
$$x = 36^{\circ}$$

$$3x + 2x = 180^{\circ}$$

$$484 = 2 \times 2 \times 11 \times 11$$

 $20.5000cm^3$

 $25 \times 20 \times 10$

 $2 \times 5 + 8 \times 2 + 6$

2

10.
$$n(A) = 3$$

 $\frac{200}{1000} \times 100\%$

11. 4 t 250kg

ලකුණු 40

2 කොටස

- 1. (a). අනෙක් ප්ලේටෝ කැට නම් කිරීම. 3
 - (b). නිවැරදි හැඩ සඳහා එකකට 2 බැගින් 6
 - (c).
 - (i). මුහුණක් ගණන + ශීර්ෂ ගණන = දාර ගණන +2
 - (ii). ②. ω . +12 = 30 + 2 1 ②. ω . = 20 1

1

- (iii). විංසතිතලය 1
- (d). 8×8 1 $6 \times 8 \times 8$ 1 $= 384 \text{cm}^2$ 1

[අවසාන පිළිතුරට ඒකකය නැත්තම් ලකුණු නැත.]

- 16
- 2. (a). $\frac{5}{9} \times 1\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{6}{5}$ 1 $\frac{2}{3}$ 2 (3)
 - (b). $3\frac{2}{11} \div 2\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{35}{11} \div \frac{5}{2}$ $\frac{35}{11} \times \frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{14}{11}$ $1\frac{3}{11}$ 1

- (c). $\frac{87.6}{0.12}$ | $\frac{87.6 \times 100}{0.12 \times 100}$ | $\frac{876}{10} \div \frac{12}{100}$ | $\frac{8760}{12}$ | $\frac{876}{10} \times \frac{100}{12}$ | $\frac{876}{10} \times \frac{100}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{730} \times \frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{12} \times \frac$
- 3. (a) $x + 84^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$ 1 $x = 96^{\circ}$ 1 $2a + 84^{\circ} + 66^{\circ} = 360^{\circ}$ 1 $2a = 210^{\circ}$ 1 $a = 105^{\circ}$ 1 $y + 105^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$ 1 $y = 75^{\circ}$ 1 (7)
 - (b). (i).සමපාද නිකෝණය සමචතුරසුය සවිධි ෂඩාසුය 3
 - (ii). නිවැරදි සවිධී ටෙසලාකරණයක් සඳහා 1
- 4. (a). (i). 3
 - (ii). 4 1 (2)
 - (b). (-4) + (+2) + (+3) 1 (2)
 - (c). 2(x + 1) 1 = 5 2(x + 1) = 6 x + 1 = 3 x = 21 (3)
 - (d). නිවැරදී දළ රූපයට (4)

11

11

11

5. (a). (i). 12 1 (ii). $\frac{12+15+18+10+12+17+16+14}{8}$ $\frac{114}{114}$ В 2 පිටි : සීනි : බටර් 1 3:2 14.25 1 (5)5:4 15:10:8 (b). නිවැරදි තිකෝණ නිර්මාණයට (4) A හි අඩංගු සීනි කොටස = $\frac{3}{11}$ (c). $\frac{2}{5}$ (හරයට හා ලවයට ලකුණු 1 බැගින්) (2) B හි අඩංගු සීනි කොටස $= \frac{10}{33}$ (දෙකටම) 11 $\frac{3}{11} = \frac{9}{33}$ 6. (a). $\frac{9}{33}<\frac{10}{33}$ නිසා B හි පැණි රස වැඩිය සංඛාහ රේඛාවට 1 -2 හා 3 නිවැරදිව දැක්වීම 1 -2 ත් 3 ත් අතර අඳුරු කිරීම. 1 (b). (i). නිවැරදි කාටීසීය තලය 1 5 නිවැරදි ලක්ෂා 6 (ii). රූපයට 1 (iii). නිවැරදි සමීකරණය 1 11 7. (a). $\frac{1}{2} \times 12 \times 3$ 1 $18cm^2$ (ඒකක අවශාවේ.) 1 (b). $2 \times 12 \times 8 + 2 \times 8 \times 5 + 2 \times 12 \times 5$ 192 + 80 + 120 $392cm^2$ (ඒකක අවශාවේ) 1 (c). A පිටි : සීනි : බටර්

2:1

6:3:2

1

1

1

1

11